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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO:	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/622,267	07/17/2003	Robert Gary Ellis	36070.010	4210	
21907 ROZSA LAW	7590 12/20/2006 GROUP LC		EXAMINER FERNSTROM, KURT		
	NK BOULEVARD				
SUITE 220 TARZANA, C.	A 91356-3346		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3711		
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		12/20/2006	DADCD		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

						
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Author Commence	10/622,267	ELLIS, ROBERT GARY				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Kurt Fernstrom	3711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING 6 - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tired d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	•					
	•					
· <u> </u>	· <u> </u>					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	Expano quayio, 1000 c.b. 11, 10	00 0.0. 210.				
Disposition of Claims						
	☐ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are allowed.						
	6) Claim(s) 11,15 and 16 is/are rejected.					
	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-14 and 17</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	for election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bure						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
A44-2h						
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 late - de ()	(PTO 413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/17/03</u> . 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guerra in view of Bailey. Guerra discloses in the Figures and the specification a practice device to simulate skateboarding comprising an elongated structure having a center section and front and rear sections having adjoining upper and lower surfaces, the center section having a lower smooth surface. From Figure 1, it is apparent that the front and rear sections extend from the center section at a angle within the claimed range.

Guerra fails to disclose a ridge which forms a lowered interior section. Bailey discloses in Figures 1 and 7 a skateboard deck having a ridge 22 which extends around the perimeter of the board, forming a lowered interior. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the relevant art to modify the teachings of Guerra by providing a ridge as disclosed by Bailey for the purpose of protecting the edge of the elongated structure.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guerra in view of Bailey, and further in view of Gordon. Guerra as viewed in combination with Bailey discloses all of the claimed limitations with the exception of the device being made of plastic. However, it is well known to construct skateboard decks using plastic,

as disclosed for example in column 4, lines 4-11 of Gordon. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the relevant art to modify the teachings of Guerra by using plastic to form the device as disclosed by Gordon for the purpose of providing a durable material.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guerra in view of Bailey, and further in view of Turner. Guerra as viewed in combination with Bailey discloses all of the claimed limitations with the exception of the device being made of plastic. However, it is known to provide grip pads on skateboard decks, as disclosed for example in Figure 1 and in the specification of Turner. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the relevant art to modify the teachings of Guerra by providing a grip pad for the purpose of enabling a user to more easily grip the elongated structure during use.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-10 are allowed.

Claims 12-14 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art fails to disclose or suggest a device having all of the claimed lmitations. In particular, with respect to claims 1 and 12, there is no disclosure of an interior hollow chamber containing noisemaking material as recited. This feature,

discussed at pages 11-12 of the specification, has a functional purpose in that it enables a user to more easily sense the movement of the board. With respect to claims 7 and 17, there si no suggestion in the prior art of a vertical wall formed by the ridge as recited. The ridge of Bailey, as shown in Figure 7, is rounded. The vertical wall has utility in that a user may rest his or her foot against the wall during use, gaining increased traction and facilitating training. See page 11, lines 6-11 of the specification. As a result, these claims and their dependents contain allowable subject matter.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Loveless, Todd, Steiner, Corbalis, Desberg, Bobrowicz, Wilson, and Spencer disclose various skateboards and skateboard training devices.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kurt Fernstrom whose telephone number is (571) 272-4422. The examiner can normally be reached on M, T, Th 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gene Kim can be reached on 571 272-4463. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

KF

December 14, 2006

KURT FERNSTROM
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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